15521



Reg. No.				
Reg. 140.				

V Semester B.C.A. Degree Examination, March/April - 2022 COMPUTER SCIENCE

Data Communication & Networks

(CBCS Scheme)

Paper: BCA 501 T

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Instructions to Candidates:

Answer all sections.

SECTION - A

I. Answer any Ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. List out any two goals of a computer network.
- Write any two differences between half duplex and full duplex transmission modes?
- 3. State the formula for maximum data rate of a noisy and noiseless channel.
- 4. Categorize the four basic topologies in terms of line configuration.
- 5. How does guided media differ from unguided media?
- 6. Distinguish between synchronous and statistical TDM.
- 7. Expand HDLC. State the different frame types.
- 8. Define piggybacking and its benefit.
- 9. What is ALOHA?
- 10. What is NIC and its use?
- 11. Write down any two differences between connection-oriented and connectionless network service.
- 12. What is a router?

b.

II.

(2)

15521

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

(8)

SECTION - B

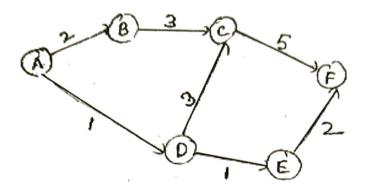
Answer any Five questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

	13.		ine the term data communication. What are the characteristics of effective da munication system?	ta
	14.	Man	the bit stream 01001110 sketch the waveforms for NRZ-L, NRZ-I, Bipolar AM achester. Differential Manchester. Assume that the signal level for the precedin for NRZ-I was high, the most recent preceding 1 bit (AMI) has a negative voltag	ng
	15.		lain the characteristics of co-axial cable with neat diagram. What are thantages of coaxial cable over the twisted pair cable?	1e
	16.	Con	npare and contrast bit - stuffing and byte - stuffing.	
	17.	Illus	strate CSMA/CD method.	
	18.	Wha	at is a bridge? Explain the different types of bridges.	
	19.	Writ	te Bellman Ford algorithm.	
	20.	Disc	cuss briefly about fragmentation.	
			SECTION - C	
III.	Ansv	wer a	ny Three questions. Each question carries 15 marks. (3×15=45)	5)
	21.	a.	Explain OSI reference model with a neat diagram.	8)
		b.	Detect and correct the single error in the received Hamming code wor 10110010111. Assume even parity system.	rd 7)
	22.	a.	Explain CRC method of error detection. Give an example.	8)
		b.	Explain congestion control Algorithm.	7)
	23.	Drav	w the flow diagram of Stop - and - Wait protocol using the following scenario):
		a.	The frame is sent and acknowledged.	3)
		b.	The second frame is sent, but lost. After time-out it is resent.	4)
		c.	The third frame is sent and acknowledged, but the acknowledgment is los. The frame is resent. Identify the problem with this scheme. How can the problem be corrected using sequence numbers and acknowledgement numbers.	is
	24.	a.	Describe FDDI.	7)

Explain the working and frame format of Token Ring.

25. a. Explain different types of packets switching methods.

- **(7)**
- b. What is shortest path routing? Find the shortest path between node A and node
 F for the following figure by applying Dijksktra's algorithm. (8)



SECTION - D

IV. Answer any One question. Each question carries 10 marks.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

- 26. What is a MODEM? Explain its types.
- 27. Explain SONET.