BENGALURU CITY UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.SC., MATHEMATICS (NEP) CORE MODEL PAPER-1

Total Marks: 60 Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

I. Answer any SIX of the following:

(6X2=12)

- 1. Form PDE by eliminating arbitrary function from $z = f(x^2 y^2)$
- 2. Solve $p x^2 = q + y^2$
- 3. Find the particular integral for $(D^2 DD' 2D'^2)z = e^{x+2y}$
- 4. Write the formula to find the solution of one-dimensional heat equation
- 5. Find Laplace transform of $t^2 + e^{5t}$
- 6. Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2+9}\right\}$
- 7. Write the formula for half range Fourier cosine series
- 8. Find the Fourier coefficient b_n for the function $f(x) = x + x^2$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$

II. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 9. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $z = e^{ax+by} f(ax-by)$
- 10. Solve $(x^2 yz)p + (y^2 zx)q = z^2 xy$
- 11. Solve p(1+q) = qz
- 12. Solve $x^2p^2 + y^2q^2 = z^2$
- 13. Solve by Charpit's method $z^2(p^2 + q^2 + 1) = 1$

III. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 14. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \sin x \cos 2y$
- 15. Solve $(D^2 2DD' 5D 5D' + 6)z = e^{3x-2y}$
- 16. Reduce $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = x^2 (\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2})$ to a canonical form
- 17. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x=0 and x=l is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating by giving to each of its point a velocity $(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t})_{t=0} = 3(lx x^2)$ find y (x, t)
- 18. An insulted rod of length 'l' has its ends A and B maintained at 0°c and 100°c respectively until steady state condition prevails. If B is suddenly reduced to 0°c and maintained at 0°c find the temperature at a distance x from A at time 't'.

Department of Mathematics
Bengaluru City University
Central College Campus
Bengaluru - 560 001

IV. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

(i)
$$L[e^{-t}(2\cos 5t + \sin 2t)]$$

(ii)
$$L[t^3 + 4t^2 - 3t + 5]$$

20. Find the Laplace transform of $t^2 cosat$

21. Find
$$L^{-1}\left[\frac{s+5}{(s-1)(s^2+4)}\right]$$

22. Using convolution theorem find
$$L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+1)^2(s^2+1)}\right]$$

23. Express the function in terms of unit step function and hence the

Laplace transform of
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 \ ; 0 \le t \le 1 \\ t \ ; 1 < t \le 2 \\ t^2 \ ; t > 2 \end{cases}$$

V. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 24. Obtain the Fourier series for e^x in $(-\pi, \pi)$
- 25. Obtain the Fourier series of $f(x) = \frac{\pi x}{2}$ in $0 < x < 2\pi$
- 26. Obtain the Fourier half range sine series of $f(x) = x^2$ in $0 < x < \pi$
- 27. Express $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| \le 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ as a Fourier Integral
- 28. Find Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le x < a \\ 0, & x \ge a \end{cases}$

Chairman
Department of Mathematics
Bengaluru City University
Central College Campus

Lolut

BENGALURU CITY UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.SC., MATHEMATICS (NEP) CORE **MODEL PAPER-2**

Total Marks:60

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

I. Answer any SIX of the following:

(6X2=12)

- 1. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants $z = (x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2$
- 2. Solve pq + p + q = 0
- 3. Solve $(D^2 + 4DD' 5D'^2)z = 0$
- 4. Classify the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$
- 5. Find $L\{\cos^2 2t\}$
- 6. Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+4}\right\}$
- 7. Find the Fourier co-efficient a_n for the function $f(x) = x^2$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$
- 8. Write formula for Fourier sine transform

II. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 9. Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $\emptyset(x^2 + y^2 + z^2, z^2 - 2xy) = 0$
- 10. Solve (mz ny)p + (nx lz)q = ly mx
- 11. Solve p + q = sinx + siny
- 12. Solve $p^2 + q^2 = z^2(x + y)$
- 13. Find the complete integral of z = pq by Charpit's method

III. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

14. Solve
$$(D^2 - 3DD' + 2D'^2)z = e^{2x+3y}$$

15. Solve
$$(D + D')(D + D' - 2)z = \cos(x + 2y)$$

- 16. Reduce the equation r + 2s + t = 0 to canonical form
- 17. Solve the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ under the condition u = 0 when

$$x = 0$$
 and $x = \pi$, $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ when $t = 0$ and $u(x, 0) = x$; $0 < x < \pi$

Central College Campus Bengsturu-560 001

18. A homogeneous rod of conducting material of length 100cm has its ends kept at zero temperature and the temperature initially is

$$u(x,0) = \begin{cases} x & ; 0 \le x \le 50^{\circ} \\ 100 - x & ; 50^{\circ} \le x \le 100^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

Find the temperature u(x,t) at any time t'

IV. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

19. Find i. L(sin5t cos2t)

ii.
$$L(e^{2t}\cos^2 t)$$

- 20. Find $L\left(\frac{\cos 2t \sin 3t}{t}\right)$
- 21. Find inverse Laplace transform of $slog\left[\frac{s+4}{s-4}\right]$
- 22. Verify convolution theorem for the function f(t) = t; g(t) = cost
- 23. If $f(t) = t^2$, 0 < t < 2 and f is periodic of period 2 then find $L\{f(t)\}$

V. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 24. Obtain Fourier series of $f(x) = |x| in (-\pi, \pi)$
- 25. Obtain Fourier series of the function in $(0,2\pi)$ defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; \ 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 2\pi - x & ; \ \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$$

- 26. Obtain Fourier half range sine series of $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in (0,1)
- 27. Find the Fourier integral expansion of

$$f(x) = e^{-ax}$$
; $x > 0$ and $f(-x) = f(x)$, $a > 0$

28. Find Fourier cosine transform of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; \ 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & ; \ x > \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$

Ranth

Chairman

Department of Mathematics

Bengaluru City University

Central College Campus

Central Honor Section 1001

BENGALURU CITY UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.SC., MATHEMATICS (NEP) CORE MODEL PAPER-3

Total Marks: 60

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

I. Answer any SIX of the following:

(6X2=12)

- 1. Form partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants from the function $z=a^2x^2+b^2y^2$
- 2. Solve $p^2 q^2 = 1$
- 3. Find the complementary function for $(D^2 4DD' + 4D'^2)z = 0$
- 4. Find the particular integral of $(2D^2 DD' 3D'^2)z = 3e^{x-2y}$
- Find L{t cos2t}
- 6. If $L\{f(t)\} = F(s)$ then prove that $L\{f(t)\} = sF(s) f(0)$
- 7. Write the formula for fourier coefficients of the fourier series of f(x) in the interval (a, a+2l)
- 8. Write the formula for Fourier cosine transform

II. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 9. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $z = f(xy + z^2, x + y + z)$
- 10. Solve $p \cot x + q \cot y = \cot z$
- 11. Solve $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$
- 12. Solve $z^2(p^2+q^2+1)=1$
- 13. Solve by Charpit's method px + qy = pq

III. Answer any THREE of the following:

(3X4=12)

- 14. Solve $(D^2 2DD' + D'^2)z = 12xy$
- 15. Solve $(D^2 + DD' + D' 1)z = \sin(x + 2y)$
- 16. Reduce $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + x^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} \right) = 0$ to a canonical form
- 17. A lightly stretched string with fixed end points x=0 and x=l is initially in a position given by $y=y_0\sin^3(\frac{\pi x}{l})$. If it is released from rest from this position, find the displacement of y(x,t).
- 18. Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 16 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the condition

(i) u(0,t)=0, u(1,t)=0 for all t (ii) $u(x,0)=x^2-x$; $0 \le x \le 1$

(3X4=12)

19. Find L {f(t)} if
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2, & 0 < t < 4 \\ 10, & t > 4 \end{cases}$$

- 20. If $L\{f(t)\} = F(s)$ then prove that $L\left\{\frac{f(t)}{t}\right\} = \int_{s}^{\infty} F(s)ds$. Hence evaluate $L\left\{\frac{sint}{t}\right\}$
- 21. Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$
- 22. Using convolution theorem find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s(s+1)^3}$
- 23. Express the function $f(t) = \begin{cases} 2t \; ; \; 0 < t < \pi \\ 1 \; ; \; t > \pi \end{cases}$ in terms of unit step function and hence find its laplace transform

V. Answer any THREE of the following

(3X4=12)

- 24. Obtain the Fourier series of f(x) = |x| in $(-\pi, \pi)$
- 25. If $f(x) = \left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)^2$ in $0 < x < 2\pi$. Find the Fourier series
- 26. Obtain the Fourier half range cosine series for the function

$$f(x) = \sin x \, in \, (0, \pi)$$

- 27. Show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin\alpha\pi\sin\alpha x}{1-\alpha^2} d\alpha = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x \; ; \; -\pi \le x \le \pi \\ 0 \; ; \; otherwise \end{cases}$
- 28. Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = e^{-ax}$; a > 0

Rolling

Certs Benjahura-560 ora